## An Unusual Function



1. The function $f$ drawn above would be difficult to describe algebraically; nevertheless, it has interesting geometric features for which calculus provides descriptions. Using the textbook definitions and some freedom of artistic judgment, name the value(s) of $x$ for:
(a) zeros of $f(x)$
(b) points of discontinuity of $f$ $\qquad$
(c) critical points $\qquad$
(d) intervals over which $f$ increases $\qquad$
(e) intervals over which $f$ decreases $\qquad$
(f) relative maxima $\qquad$
(g) absolute maxima $\qquad$
(h) relative minima $\qquad$
(i) absolute minima $\qquad$
(j) intervals over which $f$ is concave up $\qquad$
(k) intervals over which $f$ is concave down $\qquad$
(l) points of inflection $\qquad$
2. (a) Find the equation of any horizontal asymptotes
(b) Find the equation of any vertical asymptote(s)
$\qquad$
3. Find the $x$-coordinate of each point of discontinuity of $f^{\prime}$. $\qquad$
4. Find the $x$-coordinate of each critical point of $f^{\prime}$. $\qquad$
5. Sketch $f^{\prime}$ on the same graph as $f$. (You will need to approximate the range extent of $f^{\prime}(x)$ as you graph.)
