

For questions 1 and 2, sketch each without a calculator.

1.  $y = -\log(x-1)$

$$2. y = \begin{cases} -x & -1 \leq x < 0 \\ 4 & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ x+5 & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

3. Prove whether the function is odd or even:  $y = x^3 - 5x$

4. Change to base 10.  $\log_7 14$

5. Find  $k$  in the equation  $3y + kx = 4$

a) to make the line horizontal

b) to make the line parallel to  $y = 3x + 5$

6. Find the equation of the line perpendicular to  $y = -3x + 5$  that goes through  $(4, 1)$ .

7. Change to a Cartesian equation:  
 $x(t) = 2 \sec(t)$   
 $y(t) = \tan(t) - 1$

8. Solve for  $x$  given the domain restrictions.

a)  $\sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{2}) = x$

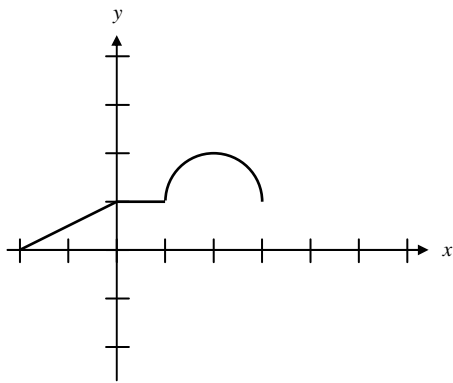
b)  $\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$  if  $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$

c)  $\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$  if  $-\infty < x < \infty$

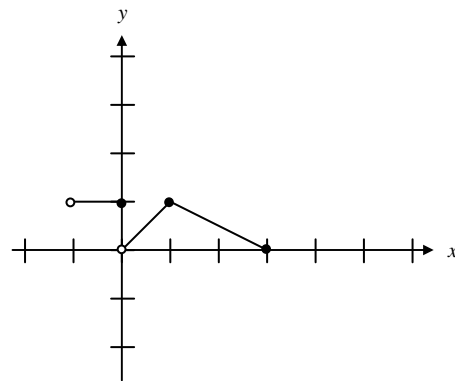
9.  $k(x)$  is shown.

a) Graph  $y = -2k(x)$

b) Graph  $y = k(2x-4)$



10.  $h(x)$  is shown. Write the equation for  $h(x)$ .



11. If  $\ln(x) - \ln(\frac{1}{x}) = 2$ , solve for  $x$ .

12. If  $f(x) = \frac{4}{x-1}$  and  $g(x) = 2x$ , then the solution set of  $f(g(x)) = g(f(x))$  is

A)  $\frac{1}{3}$

B) 2

C) 3

D) -1 and 2

E)  $\frac{1}{3}$  and 2

13.  $\ln(x-2) < 0$  if and only if

A)  $x < 3$

B)  $0 < x < 3$

C)  $2 < x < 3$

D)  $x > 2$

E)  $x > 3$

14. Which of the following define a function  $f$  for which  $f(-x) = -f(x)$ ?

A)  $f(x) = x^2$

B)  $f(x) = \sin x$

C)  $f(x) = \cos x$

D)  $f(x) = \log x$

E)  $f(x) = e^x$